

PRONUNCIATION

Spanish pronunciation is relatively easy and anyway we don't have to sound like Spanish native speakers. However, being familiarized with the way we pronounce some letters can help us to start building our confidence in this language!

How exciting!

A GUIDE TO SPANISH PRONUNCIATION

PLEASE PRONOUNCE

C:

before **a, u, o** as in car.

Ejemplos: casa, cuando, cuatro, correr. *House, when, four, run.*

before **e, i** as in seven.

Ejemplos: cien, circo, celebración. *A hundred, circus, celebration.*

G:

before **a, o, u** as in got.

Ejemplos: gato, gorra, guapo. *Cat, cap, handsome.*

before **e, i** like ch in loch.

Ejemplos: generoso, gigante. *Generous, gigant.*

GU:

before **e, i** like g in got.

Ejemplos: Guernica, guitarra. *Guernica, guitar.*

H: always **silent**.

Ejemplos: hombre, helado, hijo/a. *Man, ice cream, son/daughter.*

J:

like **h** in **house/horse**.

Ejemplos: jamón, jirafa, jota, jugar. *Ham, giraffe, letter j, to play.*

Ll: like **y** in **year**.

Ejemplos: calle, lluvia, llamar. *Street, rain, call.*

Ñ: like **ny** in **canyon**.

Ejemplos: niño, mañana, año. *Boy, tomorrow, year.*

QU: like **k** in **kilo**.

Ejemplos: quien, quiero, queso. *Who, I want, cheese.*

R:

between vowels or end of words as in **rule**.

Ejemplos: pero, pensar. *But, to think.*

Rolled as in **curry** at the beginning of word.

Ejemplos: rosa, reír. *Rose, to laugh.*

RR: rolled as in **curry**.

Ejemplos: correr, perro. *To run, dog*

X:

always like **s**

Ejemplo: xilófono. *Xylophone.*

except between vowels, which is **ks**.

Ejemplo: taxi. *Taxi.*